

# **Virtual Environment for Simulating Medical Surgeries**

## Functional Requirements List and Performance Specifications

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## Introduction

The market for medical simulators is growing drastically as an increase in technology is allowing these devices to come to life. Creating virtual environments for the medical industry can provide cost-effective training, a realistic surgery setting without live patients, and the ability for students to continually repeat and learn from these simulations.

## Functional Description

### *Phase 1*

Referring to Figure 1 below, the first phase of this project development will rely heavily on creating a virtual environment with C++ programming. A virtual environment shall include rendering the force-feedback on the system so that the user can differentiate between hard and soft surfaces. Phase one will not incorporate a graphics interface; instead the virtual environment will be felt, not seen, by the user.

### *Phase 2*

The second phase will involve attaching graphics and images to the objects created. The software to create these images will be based on open source imaging software called OpenGL. Importing three-dimensional images to the system will also be considered at this stage.

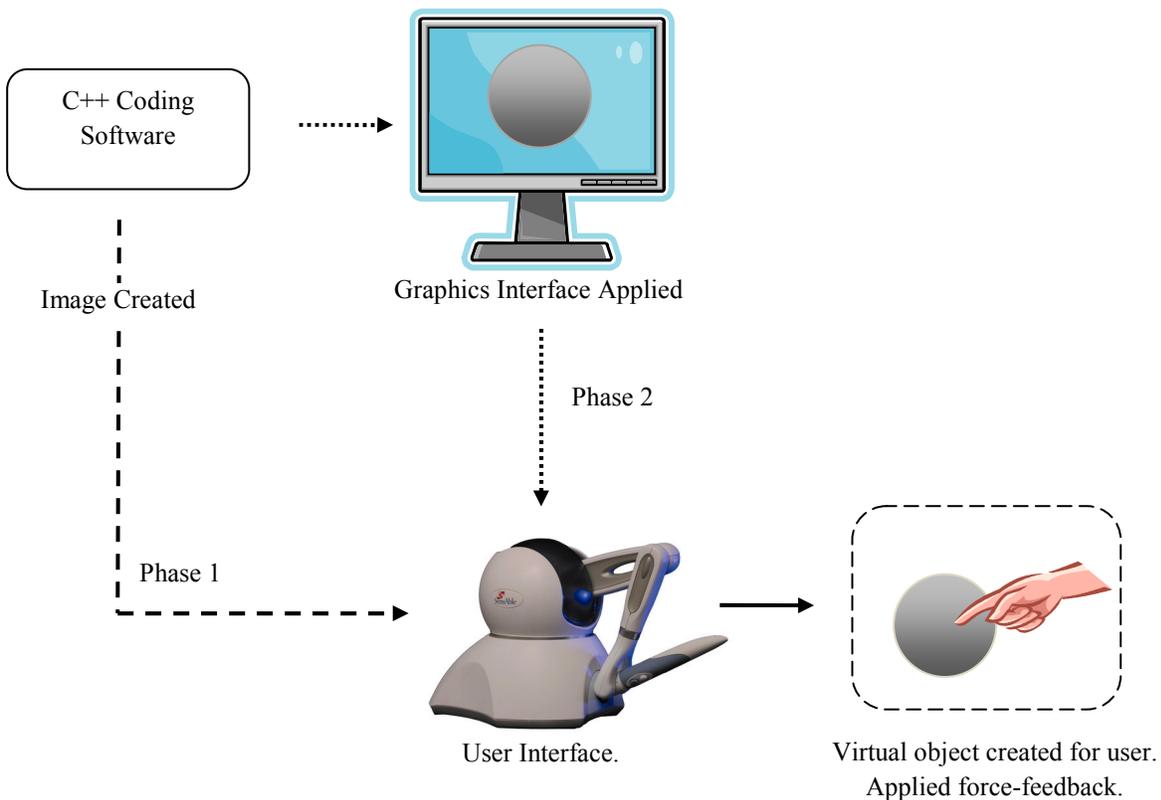


Figure 1: High Level Overall System Block Diagram

## Functional Requirements for Each Subsystem

The system referenced in Figure 1 has been broken into each of its subsystems. Table 1 below describes each of the subsystem requirements and performance specifications.

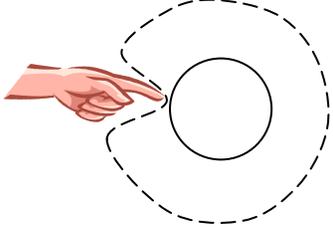
Subsystem	Requirements	Performance Specifications
<b>C++ Programming</b>	Shall define shapes and forces of virtual objects being created.	User shall be able to interact with and understand structure of virtual objects when using the Phantom Omni haptic device.
<b>Graphics Interface</b>	Three dimensional imaging structure applied to shapes created in previous subsystem. OpenGL software shall be utilized.	Graphics will represent visually the anatomical structures portrayed.
<b>User Interface</b>	Operator must hold the arm of the haptic device at all times.	Cannot exceed maximum spatial limits of haptic device.
<b>Virtual Object Created.</b>	Operator must apply slight pressure to the arm to experience any objects created.	Operator shall be able to differentiate between soft and hard surfaces as well as hollow and solid surfaces.

Table 1: Subsystem Requirements

## Project Goals

### *Phase 1: Initial Design Specifications*

Emergency doctors are able to diagnose whether a patient has internal bleeding based solely on touch – how they feel this pressure in the stomach and chest area. This phase will begin by modeling that known resistance. Two spheres will be used, one as the top outer layer representing the skin. The second sphere will be an inner layer representing the object for which the operator is locating. The malleability of the sphere will be determined by its stiffness programmed. Stiffness controls how hard the layer will appear to the user. Parameters must be chosen between 0 and 1, where 0 represents no surface felt and 1 is the hardest surface the device is capable of providing.

Layer	Matter Consistency	Programming Approach	Visual
<b>Outer Sphere</b>	Soft, expanding.	Sphere Stiffness $\leq 0.15^*$	
<b>Inner Sphere</b>	Hard, firm	Sphere Stiffness $\geq 0.25^*$	

\*Stiffness numbers based on experimental analysis.

Table 2: Initial Design

## References Consulted

3D Touch SDK OpenHaptics Toolkit: API Reference. SensAble Technologies, 2004.

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